

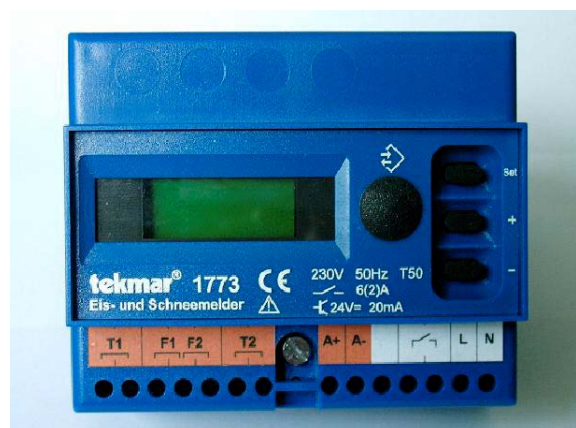
Installation, commissioning and servicing instructions

Function

The type 1773 ice and snow detector is a microprocessor-based detector which activates a single zone melting system. The detector uses inputs from connected sensor(s) to provide automatic early detection of ice and snow conditions. Matching sensors include slab sensors for use in the detection of ice & snow on pavement type surfaces, or gutter sensors for the detection of ice & snow on elevated surfaces such as rooftops, satellite dishes and gutters.

When the detector senses a need for heat, the output (isolated SPST dry contact rated 230V~ 6A) relay closes activating a heating system and when in the “no heat needed” mode, the output contact is opened. An optional “idling mode” function allows a slab to remain at an elevated temperature, to allow faster melt response in the event ice or snow conditions come about.

The large liquid crystal display (LCD) allows for viewing the system status and operating information. The detector allows for adjustments of moisture detection sensitivity, warm weather shut down (WWSD) temperature, minimum heating time, cold weather cut out (CWCO) temperature, and idle temperature (if option selected). A 24 V DC alarm output activates if there is a failure in the detector or in a sensor.



Technical characteristics

Enclosure material:	Polycarbonate
Ambient temperature: Indoor use only	0 to 50 °C (32 to 120 °F)
Humidity:	0 to 95% non-condensing
Installation:	on DIN rail in distribution cabinet
Dimensions:	108 mm (4 1/4") wide (6 pitch), 88 mm (3 15/32") high, 61 mm (2 13/32") deep
Power requirements:	AC 230 V 50 Hz
Power consumption (including sensor power):	10 VA
Dry contact output relay voltage:	AC 230 V
Dry contact output relay load rating:	6(2) A
Alarm output voltage and max. load:	DC 24 V / 15 mA
Class of protection:	Class II (if installed appropriately)
Degree of protection	IP 20
Minimum heating time adjustment:	30 to 600 minutes
Detecting temperature range – Active mode:	-25 to 5 °C (-15 to 40 °F)
Hi temperature – warm weather shut down (WWSD) adjustment:	0 to 5 °C (32 to 40 °F)
Lo temperature – cold weather cut out (CWCO) adjustment:	-25 to -5 °C (-15 to 25 °F)
Idling temperature adjustment:	-15 to 5 °C (5 to 40 °F)
Moisture sensitivity adjustment:	5 to 95
Agency approval:	CE Marked, VDE (pending)

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Note: The serial interface (see section 17) and the related *Ice Monitor* application program are optional items which must be ordered separately. The standard type 1773 detector is shipped without the serial interface and cannot be upgraded in the field.

1. Features

The type 1773 is a fully featured ice and snow detector which can be configured to meet the most demanding of applications.

- **Universal applications:** Surface types such as walkways, parking lots, and driveways are monitored using our matching slab sensors. Surface types such as rooftops, satellite dishes and gutters are monitored using our matching gutter sensors. The default setting is for a single slab sensor.
- **Broad temperature detection range:** Detector can be adjusted to activate melting with surface temperatures as low as -25 °C and as high as 5°C. The default active temperature range is -15 °C to 3 °C.
- **Two sensor operation option:** Detector can be configured with either one or two sensors (either slab or gutter type). When using a second sensor, heat activation occurs if either sensor detects ice or snow, thus providing greater detection flexibility and dramatically reducing the chances of potentially costly “missed melt” situations due to sun/shade movement. A second sensor also provides redundant reliability - in the event of a fault in one of the sensors, the detection system will continue to function with the other sensor. The moisture sensitivity can be adjusted independently for each sensor. The default setting is for one slab sensor.
- **Alarm activation:** Upon detection of a sensor or detector fault, a 24 V DC output signal is activated. Alarm code number also displays on LCD screen for easy troubleshooting. The signal can be connected to any compatible forwarding device. Especially useful for un-staffed, remote or “safety critical” applications.
- **Slab idling mode option:** Selectable option allows slab temperature to be maintained at an elevated level to allow for quicker melting when ice & snow conditions occur. Especially useful in extremely cold northern climates and in “safety critical” applications such as hospital emergency entry ways and corporate entry ways with heavy foot traffic. The default setting is for slab idle mode not activated.
- **Digital status indication:** LCD display and programming allows for easy setup and checking of detector status as well as temperature and moisture readings through a hierarchically structured menu tree.
- **Quick start menu:** Most applications can be started using the quick start menu saving time on the job.
- **Detector programming flexibility:** Adjustable settings enable fine tuning and provide for use across a broad spectrum of applications and external conditions:
- **Minimum heating run time:** Adjustable minimum time for which the heating system will be kept operative once an ice or snow condition is detected. Range is 30 to 600 minutes. The default setting is 120 minutes.
- **Moisture sensitivity:** Adjustable level of sensitivity for moisture detection. Range is from 5 to 95. At value 5, the sensor is very sensitive and even slight moisture will be detected. At value 95, moisture will be very heavy before being detected. The default setting is 50.
- **Cold weather cut out (CWCO):** Defines the temperature below which the detector will be switched off. Range is -25 to -5 °C (-15 to 25 °F). The default setting is -15°C.
- **Warm weather shut down (WWSD):** Defines the temperature above which the detector will be switched off. Range is 0 to 5 °C (32 to 40 °F). The default setting is 3 °C.
- **Selectable temperature units:** Select Fahrenheit or Celsius temperature units. The default is Celsius.
- **Serial Interface:** (RS232 with optional cable) for reading parameters and measured variables using a menu-driven *Ice Monitor* PC program.

2. Operating principle

Older system designs use exposed metal electrodes in their sensors to detect moisture. The exposed metal electrodes can accumulate dirt, suffer from corrosion, or get shorted by external conductive objects, causing maintenance or system failure. The function of the 1773 detection system is based on the behavior of the power consumption of a PTC resistor embedded in the sensors. The power consumption depends on not only the surface temperature, but also by the heat loss effect from evaporation when water is present.

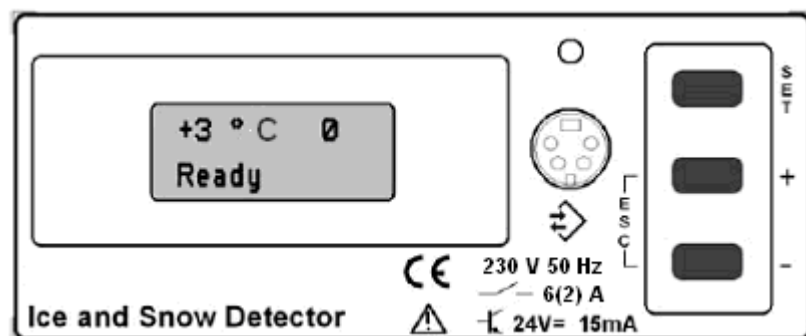
Sensing cycle: Every 25 minutes, the detection system monitors for temperature. If the temperature sensor detects a surface temperature within the active mode temperature range, the detection system then checks for the presence of moisture by applying a small control power to the PTC sensing element to melt any possible ice or snow. After a time delay of approximately 90 seconds, the detection system determines whether the sensor surface is wet or dry by analyzing the power consumption of the PTC sensing element. If moisture is detected, the heating system activates for at least the minimum heating time. If no moisture is detected, the control power of the sensing PTC resistor switches off for 25 minutes before starting the sensing cycle over again.

3. Introduction

The type 1773 is factory configured for use with one 3352 series slab sensor. Operating temperature range, moisture sensitivity limits and minimum heating time are factory set, but can be easily adjusted using the Quick Setup menu. Advanced configurations such as two slab sensors, one slab sensor and idling mode, one gutter sensors or two gutter sensors can be accessed through the Configuration menu.

4. User interface

The type 1773 has a two line LCD screen in order to setup and monitor the operation of the detector. The control panel has three push buttons; **Set**, **+** and **-**. The **Set** button is used for selecting and saving functions. The **+** or **-** buttons are used for scrolling within a menu. By pressing the **+** and **-** buttons together, you can Escape back to the previous menu. An LED multicolored light indicates detector status.



5. Operating state indicator

The operating state multicolored indicator LED light shows the following operating states:

Operating state	Description
Green flashing	System initialization
Green	System in service
Green/Red flashing	System in service, one or both sensors are faulty *
Red flashing	System not ready , detector is faulty**
Red	System out of service

* In this failure state, the Show Status menu > Status Sensor x will show the error code of the sensor and the Alarm output will be activated.

** In this failure state, the Show Status menu will show the error code of the detector and the Alarm output will be activated.

6. General pushbutton functions

Depending on the current menu selection, the three pushbuttons may have different functions. These functions are:

Pushbutton	Description
Set	general function Select or Confirm ; particular functions: • go from Home Display to Main Menu • select the currently displayed submenu • return to the parent menu when “Back” is displayed • select the currently displayed module number • select the currently displayed parameter for modification • save the currently displayed parameter
+ or -	general function Modify ; particular functions: • show previous/next menu item • modify displayed module number selection • modify current parameter value
+ or - *	general function Abort ; particular functions: • return to the parent menu from any menu item • abort current parameter modification without saving the changed value

* Press **+** and hold, then press **-**, or press **-** and hold, then press **+** will **Abort** the particular function.

7. General display functions

The unit communicates with the user through a LCD display with two rows of eight characters each. The following characters and symbols are used, independent of the current menu selection:

Display function	Description
-	Parameter value is currently being read
-x-	Value is (currently) undefined
-^-	Sensor loop impedance too high, e.g. open loop
-v-	Sensor loop impedance too low, e.g. short circuit
...	Secure function; selection of "Yes" is required.
OK	Secure function successfully completed
Err	Secure function unsuccessfully terminated
☐	Mode = Off, Out of Service
☒	Mode = On, In Service
☒ !	Mode = On, In Service, Idling Mode enabled

Menu operation will be terminated three minutes after the last pushbutton; the unit returns to the Home Display.

8. Menu structure

1. Main menus

Menus	Description
Quick Setup	Allows configuration setup to meet most applications
Test	Allows to test each function
Show Status	View recent and current information
Configuration	Allows advanced configuration setup such a two sensor operation or idle mode
Administration	Allows restoring defaults, change of language and units of measure
Back	Return to Home display

2. Move between menus, settings, and parameters

When you have the top level menu displayed, as described above, you can move between the menus, settings, and parameters as follows:

- To navigate between the top level menu and between the sub menus underneath each top level menu, press the **+** Button or **-** Button.
- To choose a top level menu or sub menu, as well as the setting you want to configure and setting parameters you want to save, press the **Set** Button.
- To scroll up or down settings for a sub menu press the **+** Button or **-** Button.
- To define the parameters of a sub menu setting, press the **Set** Button to select parameter. Press the **+** or **-** Buttons to decrease or increase the parameter. Press the **Set** Button to save this parameter.
- To escape and return to the parent menu at any time, press the **+** and **-** Button together. For example, if you are on a setting screen for a submenu, pressing the **+** and **-** Button together will display the submenu for that setting.
- To exit the software menus and return to the top level menu, press the **+** and **-** Button together.

3. Initialization

When power is connected the following screen appears for five seconds

1773 DE °C V01.03	Displays Detector Model , Language, Temperature Units and Software Version
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Followed by the **Home** display

+3 °C 0 Ready	Displays Effective Slab Temperature, Heating Time Remaining (0 if off) and Detector Status
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9. Quick Setup menu

The Quick Setup menus allow you to setup parameter for most applications. The Quick Setup menu is shown below.

Submenu	Setting	Function
Temp Hi Lim.	0 to 5 °C	Adjust and set high temperature limit (warm weather cut out) The moisture detection cycle will not begin when the slab temperature is higher than the set value. Default 3 °C
Temp Lo Lim.	-25 to -5 °C	Adjust and set low temperature limit (cold weather cut out) The moisture detection cycle will not begin when the slab temperature is lower than the set value. Default -15 °C
Moisture Limit	5 to 95	Adjust and set moisture limit system value in increments of 5. The value 95 represents a flooded sensor and 5 represent a dry sensor. Heating will not activate on when moisture is below the set value. Default 50.
HeatTime Min.	30 – 600 minutes	Adjust and set the minimum heating time in 10 min. increments. This is the minimum time the heating output relay stays energized. Default 120 minutes
Back		Returns to Quick Setup submenu by pressing Set

10. Test menu

The Test menus allow you to test the detector heating output relay and test the moisture detection of each connected sensors. The Test menu is shown below.

Submenu	Function
HeatTime Test ☐	Manually activates the heating output relay. Select ☒ to activate the relay and select ☐ to deactivate the heating relay.
Sensor Test 1	Select sensor 1 or 2 to enter submenu for testing selected sensor
State S. On T+M	Displays operating state of selected sensor as On, or Off. The modes are T = temperature, M = moisture or T+M = temperature & moisture.
Sensor T +3°C	Displays sensor temperature of selected sensor
InhibTim MDet 0m	Displays remaining time before the next moisture detection cycle begins. Detection begins at the end of the minimum heating time. Values are 0 to 600
Start MDet ...	Manually starts moisture detection cycle by selecting Yes . Select ... for no test
Last Moist. -x	Displays last moisture detection of selected sensor. Values are 5 to 95
Back	Returns to Sensor Test submenu by pressing Set
Back	Returns to Test submenu by pressing Set

11. Show Status menu

The Show Status menus allow you to view recent and current temperature, moisture and status values. The Show Status menu is shown below.

Submenu	Function
State Ready	Displays detector operating state; Reset, Inactive, Off, Ready, Active, Heating or Error
Error Code 0	Displays detector error code. 0 = no error, see detector error chart for complete listing
Slab Heat. ☐	Displays slab heat state; ☒ = On or ☐ = Off
RemHeat Tim 0m	Displays remaining heating time (0 if Heating Demand or Slab Heating Off)
Slab T +3°C	Displays effective Slab temperature
Outdoor T --x-°C	Displays recent Outdoor temperature (only if Idling Mode is enabled)
Status Sensor 1	Select sensor 1 or 2 to enter submenu for Show Status of selected sensor
State S. On T+M	Displays operating state of selected sensor as On, or Off. The modes are T = temperature, M = moisture or T+M = temperature & moisture.
Error Code 0	Displays sensor error code. 0 = no error, see sensor error chart for complete listing
Sensor T +3°C	Displays moisture sensor temperature of selected sensor
Ambient T +3°C	Displays outdoor ambient temperature for selected sensor (maintain the last valid ambient temperature during inhibit period)
Last Moist. -x	Displays last moisture detection. Values between 5 to 95 (-x indicates no data was recorded)
InhibTim Tmp 0m	Displays Inhibit time remaining. Values between 0 – 15 minutes
InhibTim MDet 0m	Displays remaining time before next moisture detection cycle begins. Value between 0 – 600 minutes
Back	Returns to Status Sensor submenu by pressing Set
Back	Returns to Show Status submenu by pressing Set

12. Configuration menu

The Configuration menu allows advanced configuration setup such as two sensor operation or idling mode. The Configuration menu is shown below.

Submenu	Function
Configu- ration	Configures detector and sensors
Operat. Mode ☐	☐ = Off (out of service), ☒ = On (in service), or ☒ != On (in service) + Idle mode
Temp Hi Lim. +3°C	Adjust and set high temperature limit (WWCO). Setting 0 °C to +5 °C
Temp Lo Lim. -15°C	Adjust and set low temperature limit (CWCO). Setting -25 °C to -5 °C
SlabIdle Temp -5°C	Adjust and set slab idle temperature. Setting -15 °C to +5 °C
Moisture Limit 50	Adjust and set moisture limit in increments of 5. Setting 5 to 95
HeatTime Min. 120m	Adjust and set the minimum heating time in 10 min. increments. Setting 30 – 600 minutes
Config. Sensor 1	Configures selected sensor. Select sensor 1 or 2 to enter submenu.
Sensor Typ 3352	Select sensor type: 3352/3353 = Slab, 3351 = Gutter, or 3311 = Outdoor Air
Method Meas. T+M	Select measure method: T= Temp. only, M= Moisture only, or T+M= Temp & Moist
Moisture Limit -x	Adjust and set moisture limit increments of 5. Setting 5 to 95. Set to -x if only one sensor is used. A setting value will override the system value in the Quick Setup menu.
Back	Returns to Config Sensor submenu by pressing Set
Back	Returns to Configuration submenu by pressing Set

13. Administration menu

The Administration menus allow you to configure language, temperature units and restore factory defaults. The Administration menu is shown below.

Submenu	Function
Adminis- tration	Administration Menu
Language DE	Select and set language: EN = English or DE = German. Default: DE
Temp Units °C	Select and set temperature units: °f = Fahrenheit or °C = Celsius. Default: °C
Factory Def. ...	Restores parameters to Factory Default: ... = No or Yes = Confirm
SW Vers. 01.03	Displays Software Version
Back	Returns to Administration submenu by pressing Set

14. Operating states

The subsequent sections provide a description of the internal operating states of the detector unit and the sensors including the events that trigger the state and the functions performed in that state. The operating state of the detector is shown in Home Display and Show Status menu, the operating state of the selected sensor is shown in Show Status > Sensor Status menu and Test > Sensor Status menu.

1. Detector operating states

Operating states	Description
Reset	State immediately after initialization, does not occur in normal operation. If this state is displayed for an extended period of time this indicates a configuration problem.
Inactive	State immediately after initialization, does not occur in normal operation. If this state is displayed for an extended period of time this indicates a configuration problem.
Off	Detector manually disabled. Slab heating Off. All measured temperatures undefined. Moisture detection cycles not activate.
Ready	Ready for operation: temperature not within active window.
Active	Unit in operation: temperature within window, no moisture present
Heating #	Heating operation during minimum heating time: heating on and minimum heating time not yet expired
Heating	Heating operation: temperature within window, moisture present, heating on and minimum heating time expired
Heating *	Heating with Idle Mode: temperature within window, moisture present, heating on
Error	Error condition: each active sensor faulty or internal error

2. Sensor operating states

Operating states	Description
Reset	State immediately after initialization, does not occur in normal operation. If this state is displayed for an extended period of time this indicates a configuration problem.
Inactive	State immediately after initialization, does not occur in normal operation. If this state is displayed for an extended period of time this indicates a configuration problem.
Off	Sensor manually disabled. Sensor temperature undefined. Moisture detection cycles not activated
On T	Sensor in service, temperature measurement. Continuous ambient temperature monitoring. Moisture detection cycles cannot be activated by the detector.
Error T	Sensor in service, temperature measurement faulty. Temperature sensor loop faulty. Sensor temperature and ambient temperature undefined.
On M	Sensor in service, moisture detection. Ambient temperature undefined. Moisture detection cycles can be activated by the detector
Error M	Sensor in service, moisture detection sensor loop faulty. Moisture detection cycles cannot be activated by the detector. Periodical evaluation of the moisture sensor loop
Error MT	Sensor in service, moisture detection faulty due to failed temperature measurement. Moisture detection cycles cannot be activated by the detector.
On T+M	Sensor in service, temperature measurement and moisture detection. Continuous temperature monitoring except during inhibit period. Moisture detection can be activated.
Error T-M	Sensor in service, temperature measurement active, moisture detection faulty. Continuous temperature monitoring. Periodical evaluation of the moisture sensor loop.
Error T+M	Sensor in service, temperature measurement faulty, moisture detection cycle cannot be activated by the detector as the temperature value is required.
MoistDet.	Moisture detection cycle in progress. Moisture detection cycles activated.

15. Operational modes

1. Moisture detection method

Due to the physics of the moisture sensors employed and their particular measurement method the moisture detection is not performed continuously but rather in intervals of approx. 10 to 25 minutes, depending on the sensor type. If two sensors are connected the detection cycles will alternate. Any moisture condition (or a change of such) can only be detected while the detection cycle is in progress (display shows sensor state "MoistDet".).

Additionally, note that sensors which are activated to detect moisture only, still need their temperature sensor connected and ready for operation as the sensor temperature is required to determine the moisture. For this reason, these sensors will also generate an error message if "only" their temperature measurement is faulty.

To avoid erroneous moisture detections the supply voltage of the detector unit is monitored prior to and during a moisture detection cycle, and an error message will be generated if the voltage value is outside the valid operating range (see Sensor error codes").

The system automatically optimizes the duration of a moisture detection cycle, depending on sensor type, supply voltage and sensor temperature.

2. Ambient temperature of moisture sensors

Depending on the sensor type, the ambient temperature cannot be measured while a moisture detection cycle is in progress and for a inhibit period of time afterwards as the detection process causes a temperature change which is recognized by the built-in temperature sensor. During this inhibit period of temperature measurement inability the system will maintain the last valid ambient temperature.

3. Slab temperature

If two sensors are used to measure the slab temperature the effective slab temperature will be calculated according to the following rules (incorporating a hysteresis of $\pm 0,5$ K each):

1. Both sensor values outside of the range defined by the temperature high and low limits: The effective slab temperature equals the average of both temperature values.
2. Both sensor values within the range defined by the temperature high and low limits: The effective slab temperature equals the average of both temperature values.
3. One sensor value outside of the range defined by the temperature high and low limits and the other sensor value within this range: The effective slab temperature equals the temperature value within the range.
4. One sensor value above the range defined by the temperature high and low limits and the other sensor value below this range: The effective slab temperature will be displayed as "-I-" to indicate an installation or configuration problem (slab heating will not be activated).

By applying these rules to determine the slab temperature, the moisture detection cycle will be activated at the earliest possible point in time.

4. Idle mode

The operating mode "On, Idle Mode enabled" requires a combined temperature and moisture sensor (slab sensor) to be connected to sensor port T1 & M1 of the detector and an outdoor temperature sensor (3311) to be connected to sensor port T2 (terminals 6 & 7) of the detector. Additionally, the controller must be configured appropriately for these sensor types.

While in this operating mode, the slab temperature as measured by the sensor connected to port T1 will be controlled to maintain the desired setpoint (within a deadband of ± 1 K) and the slab heating will be activated accordingly as long as the outdoor temperature as measured by the sensor connected to port T2 is below the temperature high limit (with a deadband of $\pm 0,5$ K). Additionally, the moisture detection cycle will be performed periodically. If moisture is detected the slab heating will be operated at full power. Once the sensor ceases to detect moisture the detector will return to maintaining the slab temperature at the desired setpoint as long as the outdoor temperature is below the temperature high limit (WWSD).

5. Emergency operation (not available in "Idle Mode")

If two sensors are connected the detector will go into emergency operation mode if one of the two temperature or moisture sensor loops is faulty and this faulty function is activated for both sensors. In this case, only one sensor loop will be evaluated, and this special condition will be indicated by an alternating red and green flashing of the operating state LED light.

6. Moisture value and moisture limit adjustment

The moisture value as detected by the sensors is a dimensionless number within a range from 5 to 95 where 5 corresponds to a dry sensor and 95 corresponds to a flooded sensor. The value 50 is equivalent to an amount of moisture which is detected under normal operating conditions.

The moisture limit adjustment is used to define the moisture value above which the system detects the presence of moisture. Example: if this limit value is set to 40 any measured moisture value above 40 causes the system to determine that moisture is present. When adjusting the moisture limit value please note that the effect of this value changes progressively with an increasing deviation from the mid-value 50. That implies that a change of the limit value from 20 to 10 or from 80 to 90 results in a change of the detected amount of moisture which is much higher than the one caused by a limit value change from 50 to 40 or 60.

To determine and adjust the best moisture limit value for a given installation, the menu "Sensor Test" can be used. This menu allows to start a moisture detection cycle independent of the rest of the system and to read the resulting moisture value. The test can be performed in a typical situation (with moisture and temperature conditions of the sensor which would justify the heating operation) or by applying an appropriate amount of water to the sensor. In the second case, please ensure that the ambient temperature is within a range typical for winter operation (i.e. not in excess of ~ 40 °F / ~ 5 °C); above this temperature the moisture value determined by the sensor might possibly deviate from the value found under real operating conditions.

The moisture value resulting from the test can be used to set the moisture limit value of the system (Quick Start menu) or of the individual sensor (Configuration menu).

7. Functional Tests

Attention: When performing tests using simulated temperatures to verify the functionality of the detector the system timing must be taken into consideration. Due to the operating principle of the moisture sensors, these sensors will not allow ambient temperature measurements for approximately 5 to 15 minutes (inhibit time) and subsequent moisture detection cycles for approximately 10 to 25 minutes after the completion of a moisture detection cycle, depending on the sensor type. The timing is designed to meet these conditions and is optimized for the comparatively slow slab and air temperature changes in a real environment. If rapid temperature changes occur in a test environment this may temporarily result in an unpredictable system reaction.

16. Error Codes

In case of a failure, the menu "Show Status" will display an error code for the detector or the sensor(s). The value "0" indicates that currently there is no error. The error codes are explained in the following tables. If more than one error condition is active at any one time the display will show the sum of the related error codes (e.g. error 1 and error 4 active at the same time will cause an error code 5 to be displayed).

Detector error codes

Error code	Description
1	Slab / gutter temperature cannot be determined; each active temperature sensor reports temperature measurement failure. Potential cause: • See Sensor error code 1 (slab / gutter sensors only) • Detector internal failure.
2	Outdoor temperature required but not available (Idle Mode only); outdoor temperature sensor reports temperature measurement failure. Potential cause: • See Sensor error code 1 (outdoor air temperature sensor only) • Detector internal failure.
4	Moisture cannot be determined; each active moisture sensor reports temperature measurement and / or moisture detection failure. Potential cause: • See Sensor error codes 2 or 4, respectively. • Temperature loop of affected sensor faulty. • Detector internal failure.
8	Configuration problem. Potential cause: • No sensor defined for temperature measurement. • No sensor defined for moisture detection. • Idle Mode enabled but no valid sensor defined for outdoor air temperature measurement.
Note: As long as a single sensor failure does not cause the entire ice and snow detection system to fail it will not be shown as a system error using one of the error codes. In this case please check the error codes of the individual sensors.	

Sensor error codes

Error code	Description
1	Temperature sensor faulty. Potential cause: • Sensor cable damaged (open loop or short circuit). • Temperature detector inside the sensor faulty. • Detector internal failure.
2	Supply voltage prior to start of the last moisture detection cycle not within the defined voltage range; detection cycle has not been started. Potential cause: • Detector supply voltage more than + 10 % above rated voltage. • Detector supply voltage less than - 15 % below rated voltage. • Detector internal failure.
4	Most recent moisture detection faulty. Potential cause: • Supply voltage too low during last moisture detection cycle • Sensor cable damaged (open loop or short circuit) • Moisture detector inside the sensor faulty • Detector internal failure
8	Internal failure during most recent moisture detection. Potential cause: • Configuration problem • Detector internal failure.
Note: The sensor error codes 2, 4 and 8 will only be set during a moisture detection cycle and will remain visible at least until the completion of the next moisture detection cycle of the affected sensor. This will even apply if no more moisture detection cycles are started due to the slab / gutter temperature leaving the active window. To reset the error code after fixing the problem manually start a detection cycle from the test menu (Test > Sensor Test x).	

17. Serial interface

A PC may be connected to the ice and snow detector through the serial interface, using an optional data cable. The *Ice Monitor* software application will allow reading and analyzing all parameters, measured variables and operating states. Optionally, the measured variables can be recorded as time-stamped values in a log file as long as the PC remains connected. The log data can be evaluated using a standard spreadsheet software package.

18. Supported sensor types

The Type 1773 Detector allows selecting the following sensor types:

- Gutter sensor 3351 (default measurement method: T+M)
- Slab sensor 3352 & 3353 series (default measurement method: T+M)
- Temperature sensor 31xx series (no moisture detection; default measurement method: T)

Common specifications of 335x series sensors

Cable	Type SL-Y11Y, standard length 6m and 20m, special length 50m on request
Temperature range	- 30 to + 80 °C (-22 to + 176 °F)
Degree of protection	IP 68

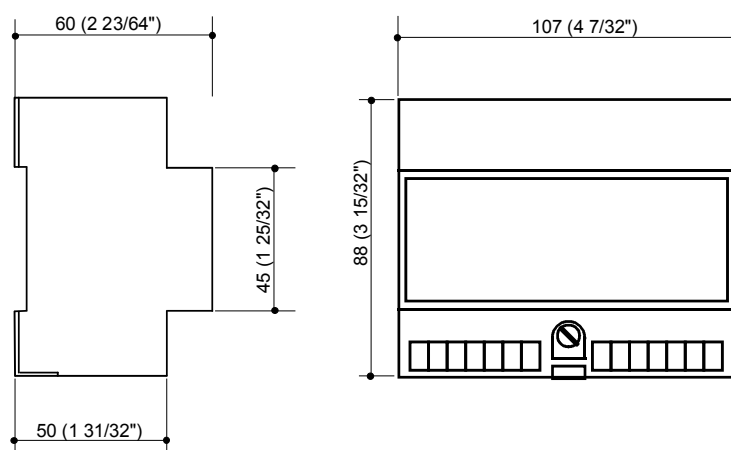
Sensor type	Model	Description
	3351	Gutter Sensor with 6 m (20') (optionally 20m (165')) cable, also suitable for flat roofs and satellite dishes.

Sensor type	Model	Description
	3352	Slab Sensor with 6m (65') (optionally 20m (165')) cable includes brass holding sleeve for easy removal. Suitable for areas used by vehicles and pedestrians.
	3353	Slab Sensor with 6m (65') (optionally 20m (165')) cable without brass holding sleeve; radial cable entry for extra low installation depth. Suitable for areas used by vehicles and pedestrians.
	3115	Outdoor Air Sensor to use for idling mode with 1773 detector (alternatively, any 31xx series sensor may be used if suitably installed).

19. Detector enclosure mounting

The enclosure consists of a socket and housing for the electronics which is plugged onto the socket and secured with a center cover screw.

Dimensional drawing



Mounting the detector enclosure

Detector enclosure mounting is recommended. Loosen the center screw on the face of the enclosure; gently pull down and out to separate the socket base (back) from the electronics module (front). Wire detector socket (See "Wiring diagrams". After wiring: line up terminal pins with the correct sockets on the terminal blocks. Push gently until the cover snaps into place. Tighten the center cover screw.

20. Detector wiring installation



Warning: Electrical shock hazard. **When the unit is removed, live terminations that carry mains voltage are exposed inside the socket!** To prevent electrical shock or equipment damage, disconnect **ALL** power sources to detector and loads before installing or servicing this equipment or modifying any wiring.

1. Connecting output relay

Connect wires from the terminals of the isolated form A (SPST) normally open relay contact to the digital input of heating system. Max. Load 250 V~, 6(2)A, dry contact. Connecting inductive loads may require additional RFI suppression components which have to be installed locally.

2. Connecting alarm output

Connect wires from the Alarm + and Alarm - terminals to any compatible forwarding alarm device, e.g. coupling relay type 1798. Voltage output 24 V = $\pm 20\%$. Max. Load 15 mA, short circuit protected.

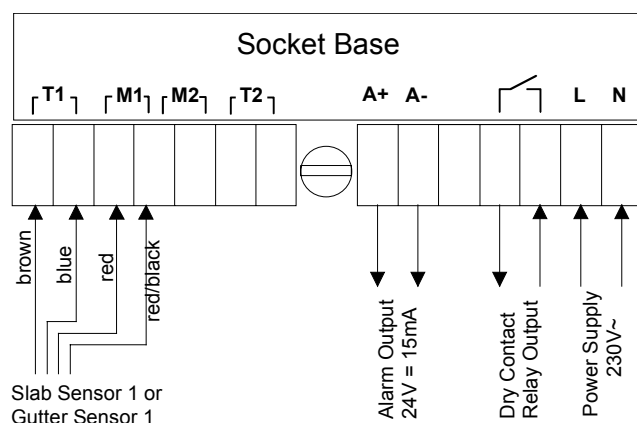
3. Connecting power

Connect the wiring from the mains power to the terminals marked L and N. Acceptable voltage range: AC 230 V $\pm 6\%$. Keep the mains wiring and the output relay wiring separated from the safety extra low voltage wiring of the sensor(s) and the alarm output. Ensure compliance with all applicable codes and regulations, in particular VDE 0100 or equivalent.

4. Connecting one Slab sensor or one Gutter sensor

Connect the temperature wires (brown) and (blue) to terminals T1. Connect the moisture wire (red) to terminal F1 (M1) and (red/black) to terminal marked F1/F2 (M1/M2).

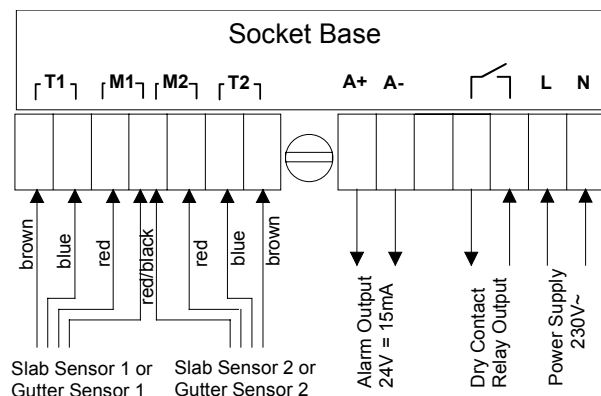
Wiring diagram for 1-sensor



5. Connecting two Slab sensors or two Gutter sensor

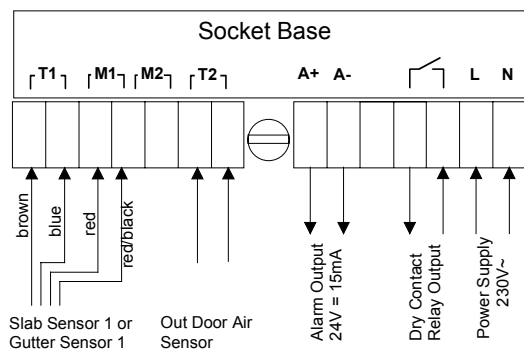
Connect the first sensor's temperature wires (brown) and (blue) to terminals T1. Connect the moisture wire (red) to terminal F1 (M1) and (red/black) to terminal marked F1/F2 (M1/M2). Connect the second sensor's temperature wires (brown) and (blue) to terminals T2. Connect the second sensor's moisture wire (red) to terminal F2 (M2) and (red/black) to terminal marked F1/F2 (M1/M2).

Wiring diagram for 2-sensors



6. Connecting one Slab sensor and Out Door Air sensor (required when implementing idling mode)

Wiring diagram for 1-Slab sensor and ODA sensor



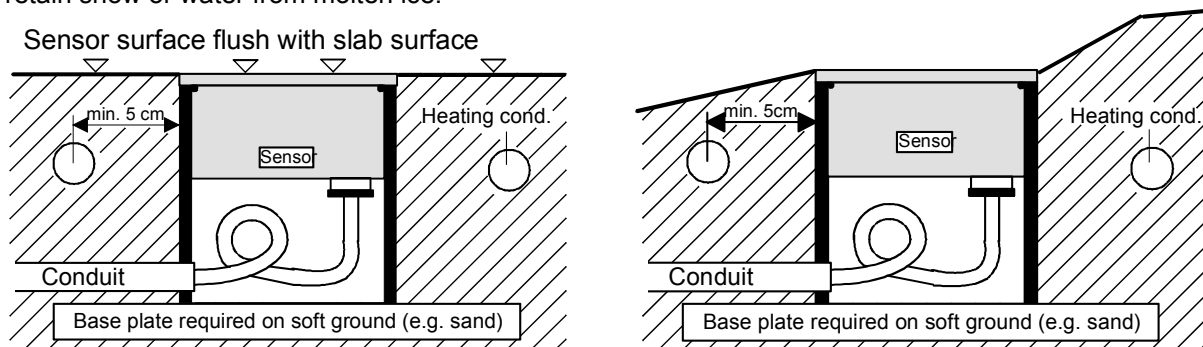
Connect the slab sensor's temperature wires (brown) and (blue) to terminals T1. Connect the moisture wire (red) to terminal F1 (M1) and (red/black) to terminal marked F1/F2 (M1/M2). Connect the ODA (outdoor air) sensor wires to terminals T2.

21. Slab sensor mounting

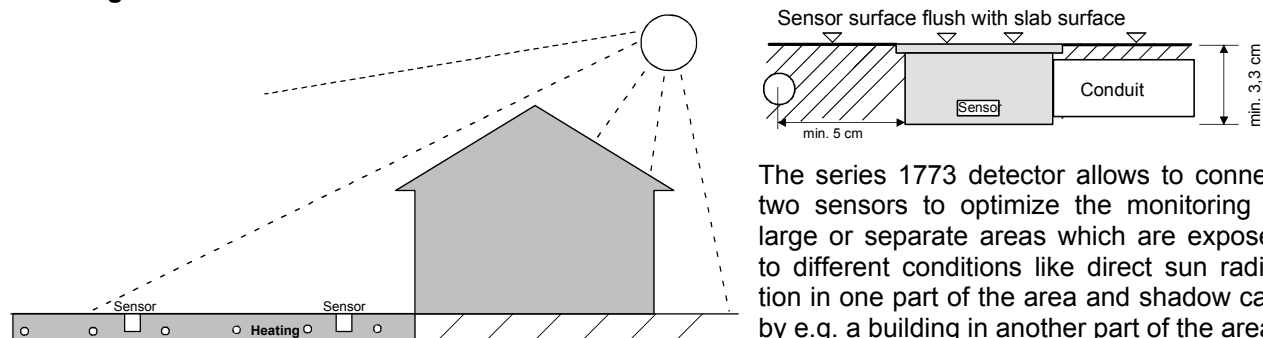
Embedded into a sensor body cast in brass G-MS 63, the 3352 and 3353 series sensors have specifically been designed for open areas used by vehicles or pedestrians. The sensor type 3352 has an axial cable entry at the bottom, the type 3353 has a radial cable entry at the body circumference. The sensor type 3352 may be installed in a sensor holding sleeve which simplifies installation and replacement. The sensor type 3353 with its radial cable entry is particularly suitable for low-height coatings as it requires an installation depth of only 31 mm (1 7/32").

Note: The sensor cable type SL-Y11Y is oil and microbe resistant as per DIN VDE 0472/9.21 Para. 8036. It is recommended to install the sensor cable using a conduit which simplifies both the first installation and any potential replacement. Depending on the type and weight of the slab a plastic conduit or a steel pipe size DN20 may be suitable. If the surface coating (e.g. asphalt compound) is processed at higher temperatures (> 80 °C / 176 °F) which exceed the sensor specification a protective sleeve must be employed. Please ensure that the conduit and the protective sleeve remain properly plugged until all work is done to avoid clogging with building material. On soft ground (e.g. sand bed for flagstones) the sensor sleeve must be supported by a "base plate" to avoid sinking in under load.

When determining the location for installing the sensor, unfavorable conditions like aisles, shadow areas, warm air exhausts of underground car parks etc. are to be taken into consideration. Preferably the sensor should be installed at the place where the critical criteria "humidity and low temperature" causing the formation of ice are most likely to occur first. The sensor is placed **inside the area to be heated or monitored** such that the **sensor surface is level with the surrounding ground surface** and unobstructed. When embedded in an inclined surface the sensor is to be installed with the sensor surface horizontally in order to retain snow or water from molten ice.

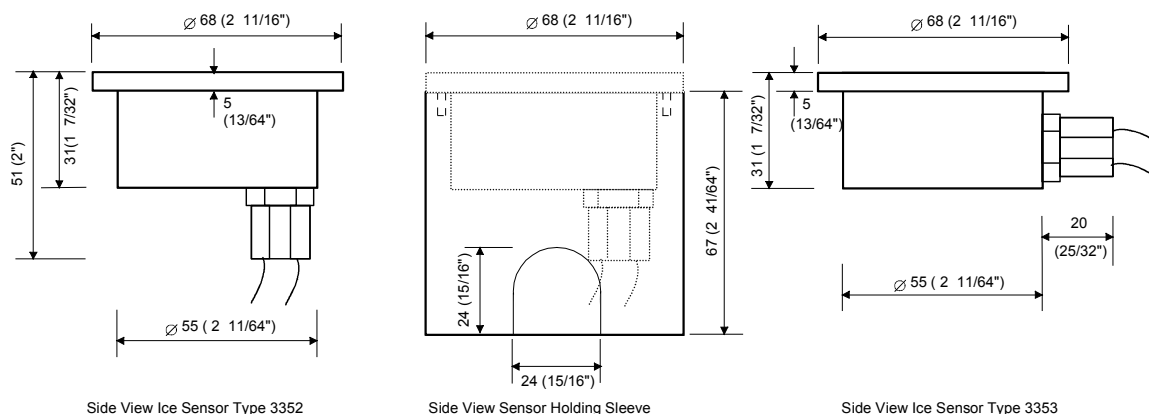


Mounting two sensors



The series 1773 detector allows to connect two sensors to optimize the monitoring of large or separate areas which are exposed to different conditions like direct sun radiation in one part of the area and shadow cast by e.g. a building in another part of the area.

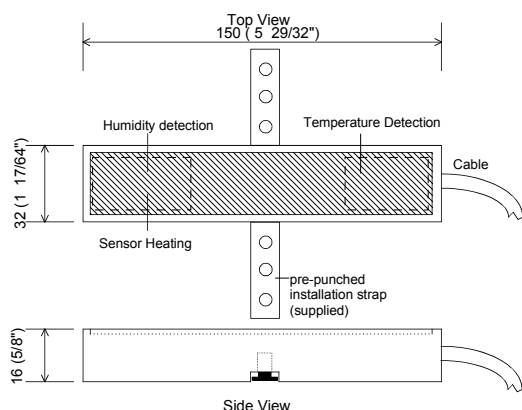
Sensor series 3352 and 3353 Dimensions (All sizes are in mm (inches))



22. Gutter sensor mounting

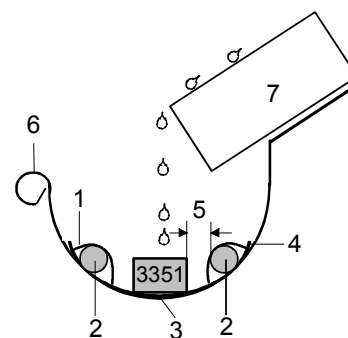
A spigot with a bore for a fixing screw is located centrally at the bottom side of the sensor enclosure. The supplied screw (Caution: maximum thread length 10 mm (3/8") !) should be used to attach the pre-punched installation strap (zinc-plated steel strap as per DIN EN 10147) to the sensor. The strap allows the sensor to be held in place inside the gutter or on/at the surface to be monitored. In a gutter the sensor should be located at the lowest point of the gutter, preferably close to the down pipe. On a flat roof the sensor should be placed close to a drain, and at a parabolic aerial below the drip rim of the aerial. In any case the sensor surface must be positioned horizontally.

Caution: mechanical forces applied to the sensor surface will destroy the sensor!

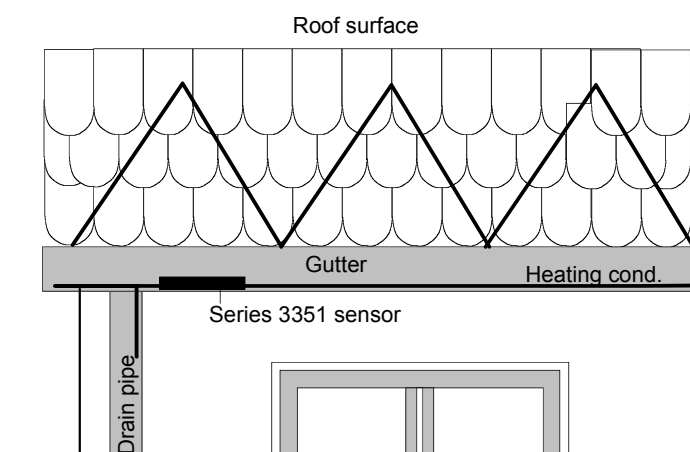


Legend

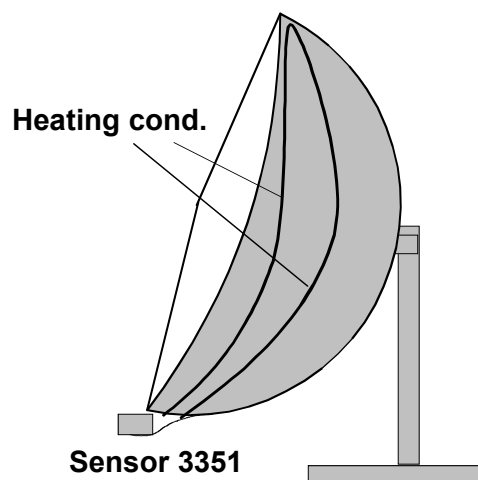
- 1 Cable tie
- 2 Heater cable
- 3 Fixing screw (supplied)
- 4 Installation strap
- 5 Distance from sensor to heater cable $\geq 20\text{mm}$ (3/4")
- 6 Gutter
- 7 Roof Surface



Gutter Mounting



Satellite dish mounting



CE Declaration of Conformity

This equipment is in accordance with the EC directives 89/336/EC (Electromagnetic Compatibility) and 72/23/EC (Low Voltage).

Voor meer info: www.2heat.eu

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